



SwabCap™

Disinfecting Cap for Needlefree Connectors

The only disinfecting cap designed to help enhance patient safety by providing continuous disinfection for up to 7 days, if not removed.¹

icumedical
human connections

See How Something So Small Can Make a Difference In Infection Control

Nursing guidelines recommend swabbing needfree connectors before every access to help minimize the risk of bacterial contamination.²

Needfree IV connectors play an important role in the fight against CRBSI, but nursing guidelines still suggest that connectors be swabbed before each access. Unfortunately, swabbing technique and compliance with these policies may vary and visual confirmation of connector disinfection may be difficult.

SwabCap's proprietary disinfecting technology can be an important element in your efforts to help minimize infection risks and improve swabbing compliance.

SwabCap's proprietary disinfecting cap design has been shown to help enhance the barrier to bacterial ingress while helping you standardize disinfection protocols.³ Unlike other caps that only disinfect upon application, SwabCap continues to disinfect the connector surface for up to seven days until removed.



The Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America (SHEA) recommends the use of disinfecting caps to help improve infection control best practices.⁵

The Infusion Therapy Standards of Practice (INS) recommends the use of passive disinfection caps containing 70% IPA, as they were associated with lower rates of CLABSI.



Continuous Disinfection of Connector Surface

Completely disinfects after 30 seconds and continues disinfecting for up to seven days, if not removed.



Sterile, Individual Packaging

Reduces the risk of cross contamination with individually packaged disinfecting caps.



Visual Compliance Confirmation

Helps ensure swabbing compliance with easily identifiable colored disinfecting caps.

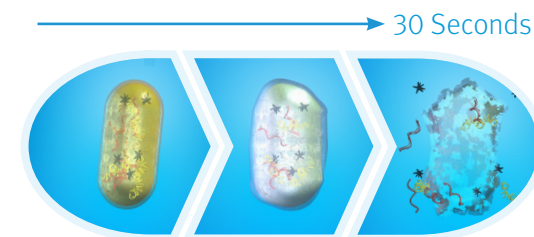


Proprietary Thread Cover Design

Disinfects both the top and threads of the connector for maximum protection.

Infection Control Technology Designed to Help Prevent Bacterial Contamination⁶

Its proprietary thread cover design gives SwabCap disinfecting cap the unique ability to continue disinfecting both the connector's surface and threads for up to seven days, if not removed.



Bacterial Cell Death After 30 Seconds of IPA

When exposed to 70% isopropyl alcohol (IPA), harmful bacteria absorb the solution, making the cells swell, then breakdown and die. An in vitro study found that after 30 seconds of contact time with the cap, there were zero colony-forming units (CFUs) detected on the IV connectors.⁷



Get Easy Access to Disinfecting Caps Everywhere You Need Them

With a range of options for dispensing and storage, SwabCap disinfecting caps help to ensure swabbing compliance and improve infection control best practices.



SwabPack™

Keep SwabCap disinfecting caps close to the point of care with dispensing bags for hanging on IV poles.

- › Available with either 10 or 25 Disinfecting Caps per pack.

SwabPackPlus™

Get all the benefits of SwabPack with the addition of sterile dead-end caps.

- › Includes 10 Disinfecting Caps and 3 dead-end caps.



Standalone SwabCap Carton

Get fast and easy access to individually packaged SwabCap disinfecting caps with colorful boxes for quick identification.

- › Includes 200 Disinfecting Caps per carton.



SwabSleeve™

SwabSleeve offers unique protective and dispensing packaging for sterile packed SwabCap disinfecting caps.

- › Includes 5 Disinfecting Caps per sleeve

SwabCap

List Number	Case Quantity	Product Description
SCXT3-2000	2000	SwabCap – Carton with 200 SwabCaps
SCXT3-10-2000	2000	SwabPack – Pouch with 10 SwabCaps
SCXT3-2400	2400	SwabPack – Pouch with 25 SwabCaps
SCR3-10-1600	1600	SwabPack Plus – Pouch with 10 SwabCaps and 3 dead-end caps
SCXT3-5-2000	2000	SwabSleeve – Sleeve with 5 SwabCaps

1. Ethox International Microbial Barrier Performance Study for SwabCap, January 2009 2. Infusion Nurses Society. Infusion nursing standards of practice. J Infus Nurs. 2021, 8th edition. 3. Posa P. Improving IV Connector Disinfection by Using Human Factors Engineering to Identify Effective, Nurse-Friendly Solutions. Poster presented at the APIC 4th Annual Conference, June, 2013. 4. Kamboj M, Blair R, Bell N, et al. Use of Disinfection Cap to Reduce Central-Line–Associated Bloodstream Infection and Blood Culture Contamination Among Hematology–Oncology Patients. Infection Control & Hospital Epidemiology. December, 2015. 36:12. 5. Strategies to Prevent Central-Line Associated Bloodstream Infections in Acute Care Hospitals. Society for Healthcare Epidemiology of America (SHEA) 2014. 6. Wright M, Tropp J, Schora D, et al. Continuous passive disinfection of catheter hubs prevents contamination and bloodstream infection. American Journal of Infection Control. 2012. 7. ICU Medical Study Summary. Thirty-Second Disinfection Study for SwabCap™, 2019